

IN THE CLAIMS:

A complete listing of the claims is set forth below. Please amend the claims as follows:

1. **(Previously Presented)** A method for migrating product data within an electronic commerce system, comprising:

monitoring requests for product data by users of a global content directory, the global content directory comprising:

a directory structure comprising a plurality of product classes organized in a hierarchy, each product class categorizing a plurality of products and defining one or more attributes of the products categorized in the product class; and

one or more pointers associated with each product class, each pointer identifying a seller database in which product data enabling a product transaction is stored for products associated with the product class;

generating a request history for each of the users based on the monitoring of the requests for product data by the users;

identifying the location of a particular user;

determining, based at least in part on the request history for the particular user and a relative size of an organization associated with the particular user, whether the product data requested by the particular user should be migrated from a seller database to a storage location that is closer to the identified location of the particular user than the seller database; and

if it is determined that the product data should be migrated, initiating the migration of the product data requested by the particular user from the seller database to the storage location, determined for the particular user, that is closer to the identified location of the particular user than the seller database.

2. **(Original)** The method of Claim 1, wherein a request for product data by a user comprises a selection of a product from search results obtained from one or more seller databases by the global content directory and communicated to the user.

3. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 1, wherein determining, in response to monitoring product requests by the particular user, that product data should be migrated to the storage location determined for the particular user comprises determining that the particular user has requested the product data a selected number of times within a selected period of time.

4. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 1, wherein the product data that is migrated to the storage location determined for the particular user comprises product data associated with a particular product.

5. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 1, wherein the product data that is migrated to the storage location determined for the particular user comprises product data associated with each of a plurality of products included in a product class.

6. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 1, further comprising:

determining that the product data should no longer be stored at the storage location determined for the particular user; and

allowing the product data to be deleted or overwritten with other product data at the storage location determined for the particular user.

7. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 6, wherein determining that the product data should no longer be stored at the storage location determined for the particular user comprises determining that the particular user has not requested the product data for a specified period of time.

8. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 6, wherein determining that the product data should no longer be stored at the storage location determined for the particular user comprises determining that the storage location determined for the particular user is needed for migration and storage of product data for a second user.

9. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 1, wherein the migrated product data is stored for access by each of a subset of the users and the method comprises:

identifying the location of each of the users in the subset of users; and

determining the storage location for the product data based on the identified locations of each of the subset of users.

10. **(Original)** The method of Claim 9, wherein the location of each of the subset of users is weighted in the determination of the storage location based on the relative frequency with which each of the subset of users requests the product data.

11. **(Original)** The method of Claim 1, wherein determining that product data should be migrated comprises determining that product data from a plurality of seller databases should be migrated to the same storage location.

12. **(Original)** The method of Claim 11, further comprising merging the data from the plurality of seller databases into a single database at the storage location.

13. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 1, wherein the product data is migrated to a computer associated with the particular user of the global content directory.

14. **(Original)** The method of Claim 13, wherein the product data is stored inside a firewall of the computer.

15. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 1, wherein initiating the migration of the product data comprises instructing the seller database to copy the product data for caching at the storage location determined for the particular user.

16. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 15, further comprising instructing the seller database to create a pointer to the storage location determined for the particular user and to update the migrated product data using the pointer when the product data is updated in the seller database.

17. **(Previously Presented)** Software for migrating product data within an electronic commerce system, the software embodied in a computer-readable medium and operable to:

monitor requests for product data by users of a global content directory, the global content directory comprising:

a directory structure comprising a plurality of product classes organized in a hierarchy, each product class categorizing a plurality of products and defining one or more attributes of the products categorized in the product class; and

one or more pointers associated with each product class, each pointer identifying a seller database in which product data enabling a product transaction is stored for products associated with the product class;

generate a request history for each of the users based on the monitoring of the requests for product data by the users;

identify the location of a particular user;

determine, based at least in part on the request history for the particular user and a relative size of an organization associated with the particular user, whether the product data requested by the particular user should be migrated from a seller database to a storage location that is closer to the identified location of the particular user than the seller database; and

if it is determined that the product data should be migrated, initiate the migration of the product data requested by the particular user from the seller database to the storage location, determined for the particular user, that is closer to the identified location of the particular user than the seller database.

18. **(Original)** The software of Claim 17, wherein a request for product data by a user comprises a selection of a product from search results obtained from one or more seller databases by the global content directory and communicated to the user.

19. **(Previously Presented)** The software of Claim 17, wherein determining, in response to monitoring requests by the particular user, that product data should be migrated to the storage location determined for the particular user comprises determining that the particular user has requested the product data a selected number of times within a selected period of time.

20. **(Previously Presented)** The software of Claim 17, wherein the product data that is migrated to the storage location determined for the particular user comprises product data associated with a particular product.

21. **(Previously Presented)** The software of Claim 17, wherein the product data that is migrated to the storage location determined for the particular user comprises product data associated with each of a plurality of products included in a product class.

22. **(Previously Presented)** The software of Claim 17, further operable to:

determine that the product data should no longer be stored at the storage location determined for the particular user; and

allowing the product data to be deleted or overwritten with other product data at the storage location determined for the particular user.

23. **(Previously Presented)** The software of Claim 22, wherein determining that the product data should no longer be stored at the storage location determined for the particular user comprises determining that the particular user has not requested the associated product for a selected period of time.

24. **(Previously Presented)** The software of Claim 22, wherein determining that the product data should no longer be stored at the storage location determined for the particular user comprises determining that the storage location determined for the particular user is needed for migration and storage of product data for a second user.

25. **(Previously Presented)** The software of Claim 17, wherein the migrated product data is stored for access by each of a subset of the users and the software is operable to:

identify the location of each of the users in the subset of users; and

determine the storage location for the product data based on the identified locations of each of the subset of users.

26. **(Original)** The software of Claim 25, wherein the location of each of the subset of users is weighted in the determination of the storage location based on the relative frequency with which each of the subset of users requests the product data.

27. **(Original)** The software of Claim 17, wherein determining that product data should be migrated comprises determining that product data from a plurality of seller databases should be migrated to the same storage location.

28. **(Original)** The software of Claim 27, further operable to merge the data from the plurality of seller databases into a single database at the storage location.

29. **(Previously Presented)** The software of Claim 17, wherein the product data is migrated to a computer associated with the particular user of the global content directory.

30. **(Original)** The software of Claim 29, wherein the product data is stored inside a firewall of the computer.

31. **(Previously Presented)** The software of Claim 17, wherein initiating the migration of the product data comprises instructing the seller database to copy the product data for caching at the storage location determined for the particular user.

32. **(Previously Presented)** The software of Claim 31, further operable to instruct the seller database to create a pointer to the storage location determined for the particular user and to update the migrated product data using the pointer when the product data is updated in the seller database.

33. **(Previously Presented)** A method for migrating product data in an electronic commerce system, comprising:

monitoring requests for product data by users of a global content directory, the requests each comprising a selection of a product from search results obtained from one or more seller databases by the global content directory and communicated to the user, the global content directory comprising:

a directory structure comprising a plurality of product classes organized in a hierarchy, each product class categorizing a plurality of products and defining one or more attributes of the products categorized in the product class; and

one or more pointers associated with each product class, each pointer identifying a seller database in which product data enabling a product transaction is stored for products associated with the product class;

generating a request history for each of the users based on the monitoring of the requests for product data by the users;

identifying the location of a particular user;

determining, based at least in part on the request history for the particular user and a relative size of an organization associated with the particular user, whether the product data requested by the particular user should be migrated from a seller database to a storage location that is closer to the identified location of the particular user than the seller database based on the number of times the particular user has requested the product data within a specified period of time; and

if it is determined that the product data should be migrated, instructing the seller database to:

copy the product data requested by the particular user for caching at the storage location, determined for the particular user, that is closer to the identified location of the particular user than the seller database;

create a pointer to the storage location, determined for the particular user, that is closer to the identified location of the particular user than the seller database;

update the migrated product data using the pointer when the product data is updated in the seller database.

34. **(Previously Presented)** Software for migrating product data within an electronic commerce system, the software embodied in a computer-readable medium and operable to:

monitor requests for product data by users of a global content directory, the requests each comprising a selection of a product from search results obtained from one or more seller databases by the global content directory and communicated to the user, the global content directory comprising:

a directory structure comprising a plurality of product classes organized in a hierarchy, each product class categorizing a plurality of products and defining one or more attributes of the products categorized in the product class; and

one or more pointers associated with each product class, each pointer identifying a seller database in which product data enabling a product transaction is stored for products associated with the product class;

generate a request history for each of the users based on the monitoring of the requests for product data by the users;

identify the location of a particular user;

determine, based at least in part on the request history for the particular user and a relative size of an organization associated with the particular user, whether the product data requested by the particular user should be migrated from a seller database to a storage location that is closer to the identified location of the particular user than the seller database based on the number of times the particular user has requested the product data within a specified period of time; and

if it is determined that the product data should be migrated, instruct the seller database to:

copy the product data requested by the particular user for caching at the storage location, determined for the particular user, that is closer to the identified location of the particular user than the seller database;

create a pointer to the storage location, determined for the particular user, that is closer to the identified location of the particular user than the seller database;

update the migrated product data using the pointer when the product data is updated in the seller database.